

7.1 Part 3 Trigonometric Identities

Example 1: Verify the identity.

$$(\sin\alpha - \tan\alpha)(\cos\alpha - \cot\alpha) = (\cos\alpha - 1)(\sin\alpha - 1)$$

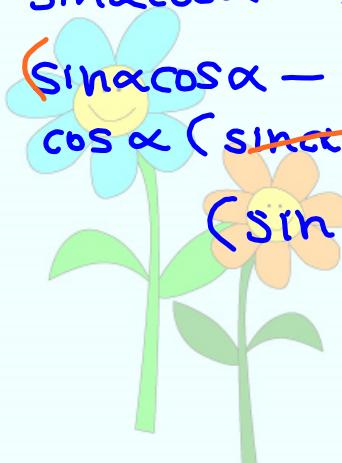
$$\left(\sin\alpha - \frac{\sin\alpha}{\cos\alpha}\right)\left(\cos\alpha - \frac{\cos\alpha}{\sin\alpha}\right) =$$

$$\sin\alpha\cos\alpha - \cancel{\sin^2\alpha} - \cancel{\frac{\sin\alpha}{\cos\alpha}} \cdot \cancel{\cos\alpha} + \cancel{\sin\alpha} \cdot \cancel{\frac{\cos\alpha}{\sin\alpha}}$$

$$(\sin\alpha\cos\alpha - \cos\alpha) \left\langle \begin{matrix} \sin\alpha + 1 \\ \end{matrix} \right\rangle =$$

$$\cos\alpha (\sin\alpha - 1) - 1 (\sin\alpha - 1) =$$

$$(\sin\alpha - 1)(\cos\alpha - 1) = (\cos\alpha - 1)(\sin\alpha - 1) \checkmark$$



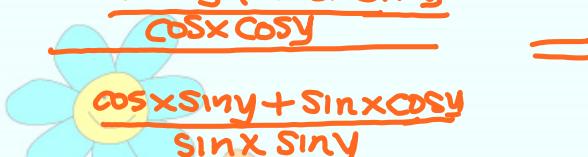
Example 2: Verify the identity.

$$\frac{\tan x + \tan y}{\cot x + \cot y} = \tan x \tan y$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} + \frac{\sin y}{\cos y}}{\frac{1}{\cos x} + \frac{1}{\cos y}} =$$

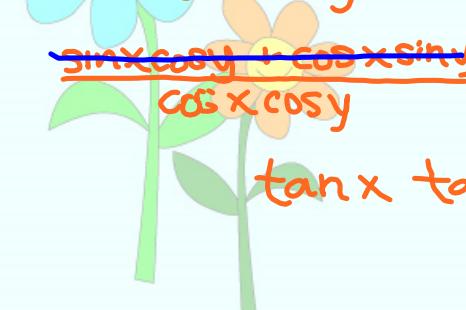
$$\frac{\frac{\cos y \sin x}{\cos x \cos y} + \frac{\cos x \sin y}{\cos x \cos y}}{\frac{\cos x + \cos y}{\cos x \cos y}} =$$

$$\frac{\sin x \cos y + \cos x \sin y}{\cos x \cos y}$$



$$\frac{\sin x \cos y + \cos x \sin y}{\cos x \cos y} \cdot \frac{\sin x \sin y}{\cos x \sin y + \sin x \cos y} =$$

$$\tan x \tan y = \tan x \tan y \checkmark$$



Example 3: Verify the identity.

$$\frac{\tan v - \cot v}{\tan^2 v - \cot^2 v} = \sin v \cos v$$

$$\frac{\cancel{\tan v - \cot v}}{(\tan v + \cot v)(\tan v - \cot v)} =$$

$$\frac{1}{\frac{\sin v}{\cos v} + \frac{\cos v}{\sin v}} =$$



$$\frac{1}{\frac{\sin^2 v + \cos^2 v}{\cos v \sin v}} =$$

$$1 \cdot \frac{1}{\cos v \sin v} =$$

$$= \sin v \cos v \quad \checkmark$$

Example 4: Verify the identity.

$$\frac{\cot x + 1}{\cot x - 1} = \frac{1 + \tan x}{1 - \tan x}$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{\cos x}}{\cancel{\cos x}} + \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{\cos x}}{\cancel{\cos x}} - \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$$

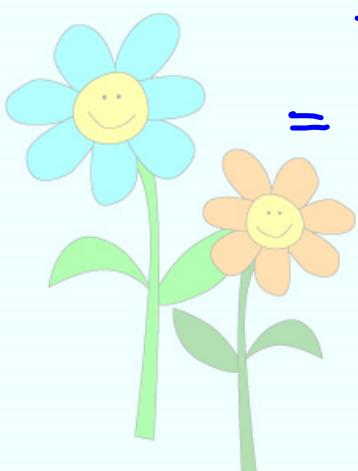
$$= \frac{\cos x + \sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x - \sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x + \sin x}{\cos x}$$

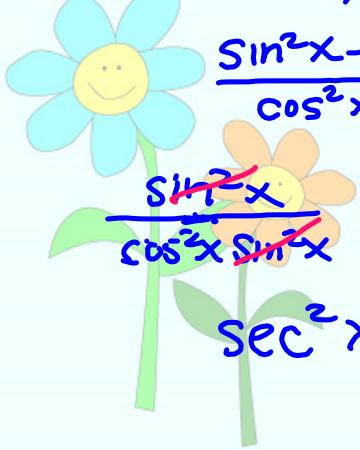
$$\cdot \frac{\cos x}{\cos x - \sin x}$$

bottom half while



Example 5: Verify the identity.

$$\tan^2 x - \cot^2 x = \sec^2 x - \csc^2 x$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (\tan x + \cot x)(\tan x - \cot x) = \\
 & \left(\frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos x} + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin x} \right) \left(\frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos x} - \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin x} \right) = \\
 & \left(\frac{1}{\cos x \sin x} \right) \left(\frac{\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x}{\cos x \sin x} \right) = \\
 & \frac{\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x}{\cos^2 x \sin^2 x} = \\
 & \frac{\cancel{\sin^2 x}}{\cancel{\cos^2 x \sin^2 x}} - \frac{\cancel{\cos^2 x}}{\cancel{\cos^2 x \sin^2 x}} = \\
 & \sec^2 x - \csc^2 x = \sec^2 x - \csc^2 x \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$


Example 6: Verify the identity.

$$\csc x - \sin x = \cos x \cot x$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & = \cos x \cdot \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \\
 & = \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin x} \\
 & = \frac{1 - \sin^2 x}{\sin x} \\
 & = \frac{1}{\sin x} - \frac{\sin^2 x}{\sin x}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\csc x - \sin x = \csc x - \sin x \checkmark$$